

Latin Americans at Brussels Conference Form United Front

The article printed below is part of a series written by the delegate of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League to the Brussels Congress Against Colonial Oppression and Imperialism. The congress was made up of delegates from anti-imperialist organizations, peace societies and labor unions in the European, American and other imperialist nations, from labor bodies and nationalist organizations in the colonial countries, and from subjugated races even in countries with full sovereignty.

Important resolutions were passed, for the practical carrying on of the work of freeing conquered peoples from their slavery. A survey of the work of the congress and the personalities attending, which have made it one of the great events of this era, will be found in these articles.

By MANUEL GOMEZ.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 14 (By mail, delayed)—Next to China and the British empire, the "American empire" is represented here by most delegations. No less than 32 organizations have sent delegates to the Brussels congress for the primary purpose of considering methods of common defense against the imperialistic aggressions of Wall Street and the U. S. department of state.

Latins Right There.

Marked attention is paid to the numerous delegations from Latin American countries—from the so-called "Monroe Doctrine zone" of American imperialism. These include the following organizations:

Mexico—Mexican Confederation of Labor (CROM); National Peasants'

League; Associated Trade Unions of Tampico (the oil territory); Mexican Students' Federation, and All America Anti-Imperialist League (Mexican section).

CUBA—Havana Federation of Labor; Students' Federation; People's University, and All-America Anti-Imperialist League (Cuban section).

HAITI—Union Patriotique.

PORTO RICO—Nationalist Party of Porto Rico.

CENTRAL AMERICA—All-America Anti-Imperialist League (Nicaragua, Salvadorean and Panaman sub-sections).

VENEZUELA—Revolutionary Nationalist Party; Venezuelan Labor Union; All-America Anti-Imperialist League (Venezuelan section).

COLOMBIA—Revolutionary Socialist Party.

PERU—Unionist Party; Students' Federation.

ARGENTINA—Labor Defense League; All-America Anti-Imperialist League (Argentine section).

Ugarte Promises Support.

Manuel Ugarte, famous Argentine novelist and advocate of Latin-American unity against Wall Street, was prevented by illness from attending the congress, but a letter was received from him expressing hearty support.

The Pan-American Federation of Labor, the entire machinery of which is in the hands of the A. F. of L., was conspicuous by its absence. In view of this, special significance is attached to the presence of the CROM of Mexico, which has close to a million members and is the only important Latin American labor federation.

Latin-American Front.

The various Latin-American delegations have been holding joint meetings almost daily during the congress recesses. Joint meetings are also held with the delegates from the United States: Roger Baldwin, representing the American Civil Liberties Union and the National Urban League; Richard Moore, with credentials from the Universal Negro Improvement Association (New York wing) and the American Negro Labor Congress; and Manuel Gomez, representing the All-America Anti-Imperialist League (U. S. section).

Presiding Committee of the Brussels Anti-Imperialist Congress



LEFT TO RIGHT (Rear Row, Seated): Chen Kwen, China; Verri, Italy; Bridgeman, Great Britain; Vasconcelos, representing Porto Rican Nationalist Party.

MIDDLE ROW: Liao, China; Nejedly, Czechoslovakia; Barbusse, France; Henrietta Roland-Hoist, Holland; Munzenberg, Germany; Baldwin, U. S.; Goldschmidt, Germany; Fourrier, France; Senghor, Senegal; Ledebour, Germany; Gomez, All-America Anti-Imperialist League; Kin Ka Ling, Corea.

IN FRONT: Hatta, Dutch East Indies.